

Name(s) shown on return. Name and SSN or taxpayer identification no. not required if shown on page 1

Social security number or
taxpayer identification no.

DONALD J. & MELANIA TRUMP

Before you check Box D, E, or F below, see whether you received any Form(s) 1099-B or substitute statement(s) from your broker. A substitute statement will have the same information as Form 1099-B. Either will show whether your basis (usually your cost) was reported to the IRS by your broker and may even tell you which box to check.

Part II Long-Term. Transactions involving capital assets you held more than 1 year are long term. For short-term transactions, see page 1.

Note: You may aggregate all long-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis was reported to the IRS and for which no adjustments or codes are required. Enter the totals directly on Schedule D, line 8a; you aren't required to report these transactions on Form 8949 (see instructions).

You must check Box D, E, or F below. Check only one box. If more than one box applies for your long-term transactions, complete a separate Form 8949, page 2, for each applicable box. If you have more long-term transactions than will fit on this page for one or more of the boxes, complete as many forms with the same box checked as you need.

☒ (D) Long-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis was reported to the IRS (see **Note** above)

☐ (E) Long-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis **wasn't** reported to the IRS

☐ (F) Long-term transactions not reported to you on Form 1099-B

[illegible]

Note: If you checked Box D above but the basis reported to the IRS was incorrect, enter in column (e) the basis as reported to the IRS, and enter an adjustment in column (g) to correct the basis. See *Column (g)* in the separate instructions for how to figure the amount of the adjustment.